The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

600—SECOND YEAR. BUENOS AYRES, SUNDAY, JANUARY 10, 1864. PRICE—TWO DOLLARS.

MAUA BANK

Calle Cangallo No. 101—103

interest for the current month.

"IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.
For balances in our favor 12p. %
For balances in favor of customers 8p. %

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.
For balances in our favor 12p. %
For balances in favor of customers 7p. %
Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 1, 1863.
P. P. MAUA & Co.
William Leslie.

Maua Bank.

Calle Cangallo Nos. 101 & 103.

The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in *currency* and *specie* in this Bank.

1st Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

2nd Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

3rd. Accounts-current are opened with merchants or other parties who may prefer, depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operation.

4th Money is received in *account current* bearing interest from day of of posit which is accumulated in favor of the parties every *three months*, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time by means of *cheques* part or the full amount at their with, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency," in which case 48 hours previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

7th Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandú, Rio Janeiro and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places of which notice will be given hereafter.

7th Finally the Bank, undertakes & executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

Buenos Ayres, Oct 29 1863.
P. P. *Nash & Co.*
WILLIAM LESLIE.

IRELAND.

Drafts payable at any of the undermentioned branches of the

NATIONAL BANK

Can be obtained from

WANKLYN AND CO.,
No. 86 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

Athlone	Limerick
Ballina	Lisburn
Ballymena	Listowel
Belfast	Londonderry
Belmullet	Longford
Boyle	Monaghan
Carlow	Mullingar
Carrickmacross	Navan
Carrick-on-Suir	Omagh
Cashel	Parsonstown
Castlebar	Portadown
Castleblayney	Roscommon
Clonmel	Skibbereen
Cork	Sligo
Dublin	Strabane
Dungarvan	Thurles
Ennis	Tipperary
Enniscorthy	Tralee
Galway	Tuam
Kells	Waterford
Kilkenny	Westport
Killarney	Wexford
Kilrush	Wicklow
Kinsale	Youghal

Lamp for 8 Socks.

To be given in exchange for 4,000 dhs sheep a splendid tract of camp, situate on the best, permanent, arroyo of the province; it is about two leagues deep, and within 5 or 6 hours journey by steamer, from this city. The present state of the camp could not be more suitable for sheep, and the freight of wool is 12 reals to $2 mje. per arroba, the land being only 4 leagues from the river. Parana.

Apply between the hours of 8 and 10 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. at 174 calle Tte lres.

Also an estancia to rent, with 12 quintas, including ranches, corrals, galpones, and permanent water, alfalfa fields &c.

Apply as above. N 17, m.

London, Buenos Ayres and River Plate Bank
(Limited)
80 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD 80.
Capital £1,000,000 Sterling.

The rates of Interest from 1st January, 1864 until further notice will be as follows, for both Specie and Currency:

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT.
Allowed on Minimum Credit balance during the month .. .. 6p. %
Charged .. .. .. 10p. %

FIXED DEPOSITS.
For Sixty days .. .. .. 7p. %
" Ninety days .. .. .. 8p. %

On Deposits subject to Thirty days notice of withdrawal, interest will be allowed at the rate of one per cent per annum more than the rate for Thirty days Fixed Deposits, ruling and falling therewith, the Bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the usual papers.

From 1st January 1864 till further announcement the rate for this class of Deposits will be 9 per cent per annum.

Bs. As., 31st December, 1863.

J. H. GREEN.
Manager.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
Chief Offices,
QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS
LIVERPOOL
Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate,
Barbour, Barclay, and Co
CALLE CHACABUCO. 13.
Sept. 20.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
4 Old Broad-st., and 19 Pall-Mall LONDON.
INSTITUTED 1803.
For Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, &c., Merchandize, Manufacturing per Farming Stock, while in Ports, Docks, or Docks, and the Cargoes of such Ships Mills, Paper Building and Hazarding, Horses and other Animals, Carriages, Plate and Jewels, &c., Glass in Shop and Sash Windows, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and on Farming Stock, Corn and Hay Ricks, by Fire.
Subscribed and Invested Capital—$1,600,000.
Thomas Augustus Ulrich, Esq., Chairman.
William H. Holbrook, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
Robert G. C. Bevan, Esq.
Charles Bosanquet, Esq.
Henry Burgess, Esq.
Samuel H. Clapham, Esq.
John Farrer, Esq.
Henry Hucks, Esq.
Thomas Newman, Esq.
Thomas Richardson, Esq.
Thomas Ulrich, Esq.
RE-INSURANCE.
Thomas G. Barclay, Esq.
James G. G. Bell, Esq.
Charles Bell, Esq.
BANKERS.
James Brand, Esq.
Hand Gosling, Esq.
W. Bunbury Tighe, Esq.
SECRETARY.
Charles Morgan, Esq.
John Scott, Esq.
Thomas Smith, Esq.
AUDITORS.
Charles Maxwell, Esq.
Henry Sykes Thornton, Esq.
Head Office—Old Broad-st., London.
AGENTS IN BUENOS AYRES.
Messrs. JOHN HUNT and BROS.
92 RIVADAVIA.

Britton and Medical General (Incorporated with the Unity General.)

Life Assurance association chief offices West street, London as to the capital 3,000,000 sterling. Propositions for life assurance are received and immediate attention paid to the same. A prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the company's agent in this city.

George Wilks
—7 Calle Mayo 7—

Good News.

The celebrated South Down Sheep Wash, or Salts of Tobacco.
The only safe and reliable cure for the Scab in Sheep.
South Down Sheep Wash,
Wholesale and Retail,
CALLE DEFENSA, No. 97.
Chas. S. Bowen, Agent.
o 26x.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned respectfully requests all Parties indebted to him to call and pay their account without delay either at his house or at Mr. Twyford's Store, 102 Calle Piedad, who is duly authorised to collect same.

JAMES HASTINGS.
406 Calle Parque.
d 23, 1 m

ENGLISH TAILOR,
32—CALLE DEFENSA—32

George Wills, in returning thanks to his friends, both in town and country, for their liberal support, begs to notify them that he has just received a new stock of goods direct from England. Cloths and Tweeds of the very best description.

Garments made to order on the shortest notice, and at the most reasonable terms.

Wanted

A Housemaid for the country. Apply 296 Calle Parque. j 8

La Zingara.

All parties indebted for the cargo journey to the above mentioned ship, are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage, within two months from this, otherwise a special order will be given by Government to the different Justices of Peace to remit into Buenos Ayres all defaulters.

G. WILKS,
D 3. x. No. 7 Calle Mayo.

Change of Residence.

Benjamin Constant Delarue respectfully informs his numerous customers and the public in general, that in future he will carry on his business as Saltmaker &c, &c. at 43 calle Cangallo.

December 5th 1863.

A Quinta for Sale.

Situated on the road from the Requinta Corredores" to the Alsina bridge, and bordering on the land bought by the Municipality for the new Southern Cemetaries. It contains about 6½ squares of land, and an azotea house with four rooms.

For further particulars apply at Calle Potosi No. 89, between three and four o'clock, pm. d 12, 2 m

Bills of Exchange on London,

For amounts as required,
Can be obtained from
HENRY HART,
33 CALLE SAN MARTIN,
(Next door to the "Casa de Moneda.")

Creditos contra la Nacion.

En las bolsas de Comercio, Bolsa y Payan tú encontrarás por el vapor "Gunguay" el 7 de Octubre pasado para este destino los que, como es de notoriedad pública han sido sustraidos é extraviados, venden bajo certificado del Correo de Corrientes tres recibos de la Quintana Claudio cedera de la deuda flotante de la Confederacion Argentina, endossada en blanco corriente

N. 128 del 10 de Mayo por mel-
dos millares, por.....$ 233 68
" 195 18 de Mayo por billetes
tes de 5 reservados..... 0 10
" 683 11 de Julio por libramientos de provedoria
Seis Mayo y Julio ... 2 00
con cuyo motivo se previene al Publico que cualquiera empeno que se haga de esos recibos debe reputarse como fraudulento, y que estas deuda no pasa cero en la Cuestion Diffinderos para que los documentos sean reconocidos á sus legitimos dueños.

EP Los avisos para que llegue á cono cimiento de todos se publican en todos los Diarios de la Capital. D e 23

Royal Hotel,
ABOVE-BAR, SOUTHAMPTON.

Passengers by Royal Mail Steamers will find this Hotel very suitable, on landing in England. It is also convenient for those going to, or coming from, the Brazils and River Plate. Excellent beds and cuisine, comfortable apartments, good service, and reasonable charges.

n 20 m

Notice.

We beg to give notice that we have opened a Branch House in Montevideo under the firm of DARBYSHIRE & Co. which will be managed by Mr. EDWARD DARBYSHIRE who is admitted as a partner from this date.

Buenos Ayres 1st January 1864

EDWARD DARBYSHIRE & Co.

To be Sold,

A House, situated to the de Rio Bamba between Lavalleja and Pringles in front of the Irish Convent. No. 23. with eighteen yards of front and seventy in depth with nine Rooms, Garden and Cuisine, and all sorts of fruit trees and best of water.

For further particulars apply at the house 18 3p

Kerr and Grierson

Have removed their Office to Calle Chacabuco, No. 17.
Jan 8. 12p

Wanted,

In a first class School in the suburbs, an English Resident Teacher. References required.

Direct, per letter, to the Standard Office, Calle San Martin, 74.

Wanted.

An efficient Clerk, for an English Importing House, apply at 13, Calle Chacabuco.
Jan. 8 3p.

Land to Rent

For 4 or 5 blocks of Sheep of superior quality, containing a Brick House of 7 Rooms in the best of repairs; it is warranted to be the best of Lands, and can be delivered immediately as there is no Stock on it
Apply, Calle Reconquista, 46. 10 2p

DR. P. BOURSE,
American Surgeon Dent'st,
No. 101 CALLE ITUZAINGO,
Montevideo;

Would respectfully advise his friends and the public that he continues the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, with all the latest and most important improvements. A practice of nearly twenty years in this country enables him to understand the diseases of the teeth peculiar to this climate.

Prices moderations for the poor gratis.
o16 x.

JOHN G. KEMSLEY,
Public and Official Translator,
140 CALLE PARQUE.

Morono Church.

The editors of the 'Standard' are hereby authorized to collect subscriptions for the above Church, by the Commission.

J. RAMON RODRIGUEZ,
Secretary

Just arrived, price $130
South American Sketches,
OR
A Visit to Rio Janeyro, the Organ Mountains, La Plata, and the Pampas.
By Thomas Wentworth Plumridge, M.A.;
F.R.G.S., Author of "Summer Months among the Alps."
Nicely bound in cloth with several fine Colored Engravings, a good Map of La Plata, Paraguay, and B. Orientál. The volume contains over 400 pages
G. E. H. McKEEN
English Book Store, 74 S MARTIN.

For San Antonio de Areco.

MENSAGERIAS ARGENTINAS
Starts from Buenos Ayres, Riveradavia-st., 195, on the 1st, 5th, 9th, 13th, 17th, 21st, and 25th of each Month.
Starts from the Hotel and Boarding House de Aranjo in San Antonio de Areco on the 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th and 30th of each Month.
Fares of each Seat ... $ 25
Children under ten years of age ... 12
Conductors and Grooms ... Free.
PAUL and DONALD DIAZ.

WESTERN RAILWAY,

On and after the 9th Nov. the trains will start as follows:

WEEK-DAYS.
Salidas del Parque.

1.0	Tren a las 6 dejá mañana llega a		Moreno a las 7	30
2.0	" "	9	" " "	10 30
3.0	" "	12	" " Moron	1
4.0	" "	3	" " Tarde " Moreno	5 30
5.0	" "	5	" " "	6 30
6.0	" "	6	" " Moron	7

Regresos al Parque.

1.0	Tren de Moreno a las 6 30 llega a			las 8
2.0	" "	9	30 " "	11
3.0	" "	Moron 2	" "	3
4.0	" "	Moreno 2 30	" "	4
5.0	" "	3	30 " "	8
6.0	" "	Moron 8	" "	9

HOLIDAYS (1.)
SALIDAS DEL PARQUE.

1.0	Tren a las 6 de la mañana llega a		Moreno a las	7 30
2.0	" "	8	" " "	9 30
3.0	" "	10	" " "	10 30
4.0	" "	12	" " "	1 30
5.0	" "	2 Tarde	" "	3 30
6.0	" "	4	" " "	5 30
7.0	" "	6	" " Moron	7

REGRESOS AL PARQUE

1.0	Tren de Moreno a las 7 30 llega a			las 9
2.0	" "	9	30 " "	11
3.0	" "	11	30 " "	1
4.0	" "	1	30 " "	3
5.0	" "	3	30 " "	5
6.0	" "	5	30 " "	7
7.0	" "	Moron "	8	9

(1.) En los dias feriados el precio de los boletos para las estaciones intermediarias entre Moreno y Flores sera de 6 pesos de primera y 4 de segunda.

LA ADMINISTRATION.

Vessels Loading
BY
JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,
Ship Brokers,
CALLE SAN MARTIN, No. 56.

For Liverpool.

The British Brig
MARIA BURRISS,
214 tons register. Captain Crosby. Consignees, Meyers, Moore, Puntch, and Tudor.

For Antwerp.

The Prussian Brig
FORTUNA,
200 tons register. Captain Wieman. Consignee, E. H. Folmar.

The Swedish Barque
SIR CHARLES NAPIER,
300 tons register. Captain Carlton, Consignees, Messrs. C. Dussand and Co.

The British Brig
BEN LOMOND,
207 tons register. Captain Kidner Consignees, The Gas Company.

FOR NEW YORK.

The Dutch Schooner
MARCHIENA,
173 tons register. Captain Weppercus. Consignees, Messrs. John P. Boyd and Co.

The British Brig
ARAH,
140 tons register. Captain Lambard. Consignee, E. P. Boulin, Esq.

For rates of freight, &c., apply to
JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,
Calle San Martin, No. 56.

Yorks. Shorties, Brandies.

The undersigned have just received, and will always have in stock, a choice selection of the above. All superior classes, in quarter casks, octaves, half and hogsheads.

J. H. PAUL, POTT, and CO.
10, CALLE CHACABUCO.
A 2. x

Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

MANCHESTER UNITY.
A Branch Lodge (the Flor De Plata, No. 8148) of the above Friendly Society has been established in this City. Any person requiring information relating to the same, can apply to
167, CALLE MORENO.
JOHN J. DOWNING, Secretary.

Argentine Diligences

183 CALLE RIVADAVIA, 183.
Leaves for Flores, Caseros, and Barracas, San Antonio de Areco, and Arrecifes on the 1st, 6th, 11th, 16th, and 21st of each Month.
Leaves Arrecifes for Buenos Ayres, passing by San Antonio de Areco, Caseros, and Flores, on the 4th, 9th, 14th, 19th, 24th, and 29th of each Month.
Price of Passages and Freights per Arr.
To Caseros ... ... 40 cents. ... 10 dols.
" San Antonio ... ... 60 " ... 15 "
" Arrecifes ... ... 120 " ... 30 "
" Arrecifes ... ... 200 " ... 50 "
Conductors and Grooms, Free.
PAUL and DONALD DIAZ.

Colegio Anglo-Portuguez,
No. 205—MAIPU—205.

After the 1st. of January 1864, only a limited number of pupils can be admitted into this school, and no boys beyond the age of 7 years. No pains or cost has been spared in order the time regulations to render the system of tuition efficient and to enhance the comfort of scholars. The course of instruction comprises all the usual branches of a thorough English education. Further details will be furnished by the programmes of the establishment.

d19 ANITA SMITH.

Cash moves.

So adquits use Standard en la calle 25 de Mayo habiendo cesados á la calle de Cordoba No. 192.

Inconstenuante, salting vessels, lighters, boats, and canoes.

Pumps, windlass, and screw jacks.

Punching and shearing machines.

Cast brass and iron of all descriptions.

Slotting gear of all classes and all plated iron work done at the Bon Iron Works.

JAMES HODGE,
D. 16. 1m

Great Chance.

To rent a fine quinta with corrals &c, on moderate terms. Apply to the flesh of sheep which is at present at said quinta (permanent water and the very best grass). Apply at Mr. WESTON'S Exchange office in the Plaza.

d 28 2 w.

English Grammar School,

Director—Mr. P. PONGERARD.

Ex-Professor at the London University College.

CALLE LARGA DE BARRACAS.
(Nine Esquinas)

The Director of this Institution has the honor to inform the Parents of his Pupils that the Holidays will begin on the 24th inst., and end on the 31st of December 1st.

The English Grammar School presents all the elements of a British Institution; the grammar of one the best English studies having pronounced it from the day of its foundation.

As a real Commercial and Semi-Classic Education, strict discipline, united with the kindest treatment, have produced their beneficial effects, as evidenced by those Parents, who have placed their confidence in the Director of the English Grammar School, and proved the soundness of the principles and the excellence of the method which are set forth in this Establishment.

Extensive Grounds, Gymnastics & Calisthenics are so combined as to offer at least prospects of enjoying good health by securing the health of the Pupils.

d 24

AN CLE 'O FERRER,

Commission Merchant and Insurance Agent receives orders as at the 'Standard' Office and at 280 Calle Venezuela.

Land for sheep.

At a distance of 45 leagues from town, towards the West, there is for sale the nation to many lots of one or two square leagues: one can join two or three lots together if one wishes. Of Buenos Ayres are all around it many flocks of sheep belonging to Englishmen and Irishmen. The land is good, water runs, grass can be taken of it, and the titles are from direct. Map shows and taller explanations given at the Editorial No 28, from 7 to 10 A.M.

j 5 15 p

To be Let,

That splendid House No. 12, 14, and 16 Calle Maypu, one of the most commodious houses in the City of Buenos Ayres having two large stores, besides a large selling room. It is situated within two squares of the Plaza, and is the only house of such dimensions to be let in a central situation. For a good rental the place will be rented on lease for three years Apply Calle Rivadavia 91.

j 5. 1 w

Peter Cunningham.

Passenger per steamer 4 Sicilia 1st October, at last year, to Montevideo, and at the office of the undersigned will oblige by calling on

CHAS. W. BENN & CO.
19 Dec. x

English Boarding and Day Seminary for Young Ladies,
296 CALLE PARQUE.

Mrs DAVIS begs to acquaint her Friends and the Public that the duties of this establishment will be resumed [D.V.] on the 8th instant.

j 7, 6 p

Wanted

A Cook at Calle Reconquista, 168.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE STANDARD
$20 PER MONTH.
ADVERTISEMENTS.
Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for $5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere!"—Cicero.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 10, 1864.

THE SITUATION.

Whether from the extreme heat or the serious depression of the paper money, we will not take on us to say, but certain it is that there is a sort of dizzy feeling experienced by all who have five paper dollars at stake in the country. We cannot, we do not, we assert that we are suffering from a panic of ignorance, for such is not the case; but we do say that there is a general conviction that the best interests of the country are immolated at the shrine of politics.

Notwithstanding all we may argue in favour of the National Government, there is a general conviction that we cannot go on much longer as we are going.

Party feeling is rising to such a height that if no cure is not had to the safety valve, there are serious fears that our political life will soon burst.

The national finances are represented to be in the most inextricable state of confusion.

The industrial interests of the country are said to be neglected.

The revenue of the Government is considered to be thrown away in the employment of a set of supernumerary politicians, and the time, talent, and energies of our public men to be devoted rather to the subjugation of political opponents than the advancement of the material interests of the nation.

Without entering too deeply into these matters, we may safely assert that these are the sentiments of foreigners on the present critical occasion.

The political situation of the Argentine Republic is far from being what its well-wishers could desire.

If we look at the interior provinces we find small territories crushed down by the useless expense of a set of popinjay Governments, which are maintained more for the purpose of affording employment to a dangerous set of politicians than of protecting the lives and properties of the people.

The ministry of the nation, the bone and sinew of the country—industry—is the very last thing thought of. Need we wonder that such is the true state of the provinces when we ourselves are a prey to all sorts of political intrigue and electioneering humbug!

If politics were the means of affording food to the inhabitants and a revenue to the nation, we could understand the all absorbing attention which they at present command; but when we consider that since the first hour of the independence of this country they have proved the bane and ruin of the nation, we confess, indeed, that we are surprised they are permitted to grow like an upas tree on this republic, withering every enterprise which they shadow.

Perchance all admit the absurdity of so many provincial governments, but they fail to perceive that the very same cause which is favouring the evolution in the interior is creating all the disturbance at home.

Buenos Ayres has its Governor, Prime Minister, and Minister of Finance; the three put together could not tell us how many acres of land have been sown under wheat, or the exact acreages of maize the crop of 1863 has yielded, yet, nevertheless if they were questioned as to how many Creole voters in the town and province they could say to within a dozen. If we are to believe report, the Ministers of the Province take a delight in lavishing upon every one the present critical state of the national finances, the errors of the Administration, and the inevitable collapse which is approaching, whilst these gents, shut their eyes to the fact that the industry of the province is nourished by imposts, and the wealth of the country daily diminishing.

The situation of the country this day is critical in the extreme, and it is *lying dunder to suppose* that the rise in the office of gold, and consequent depreciation of our currency, is attributable to the *offerie* of capitalists or the intluence of speculators.

President Mitre takes matters with such a poetic coolness, that it is time we should demand his attention to the situation." We call upon him to lay by Ossian and Plutarch, and take up the last month's returns of the Custom-house. If he does not find a statement in financial difficulties, it is not solely because of the Chacho's revolution, but because the most monstrous expenses have been going on. Will it be credited that the expenses of the Buenos Ayrean Custom House are more than one-third of the receipts! Will it be believed that whilst the troops are unpaid, and the burning of the currency stopped, provision is still being made for most monstrous accounts to our national Treasury!

The interest in the English debt has to be settled in March. Why we ask where the funds are to come from!

These are considerations worthy of the attention of all who take an interest in the maintenance of the National Government and the prosperity of the nation.

What present debt of the nation should be, as far as possible, funded, and the revenue of the country liberated from the control of creditors!

The Provincial Bank holds the Buenos Ayrean Custom House—the Mauá Bank those of the provinces. Meanwhile, the Bankers' Notices are withdrawn, and the whole country turn to storm by the politicians, President Mitre is rusticating, Ithan Indies, wrestling the Acneids of Virgil. We have had many descriptions of Administrations in this country, from the tyrant Rosas to the days of ranean Ashes; but the rule of poetry is the most dangerous of all.

The situation of the country is critical: we call upon President Mitre to make it more secure.

EMIGRATION STATISTICS

We are all so sick of the long verbose, public documents which fill up the papers daily, that it is refreshing to get hold of a Government paper, so interesting to all who care for the prosperity of the country, as the emigration table published in yesterday's "Nacion Argentina."

The following table shows the total amount of immigration into the Argentine Republic for the years 1862 and 1863, by which it will be seen that the passenger vessels which arrived here in last year, were nearly double those of the previous year, and the increase of the number of immigrants during 1863, over that of 1862, was no less than *two thousand six hundred and twenty-two*—

	1862.		1863.	
	Vessels.	Immigrants.	Vessels.	Immigrants.
Genoa	33	1793	49	2336
Marseilles	19	685	34	1135
Bayonne	7	776	18	882
Havre	11	1 3-8	18	604
Carril	1	1-8	—	—
Vigo	1	85	2	180
Corufia	2	140	2	198
Ferrol	—	—	1	—
Barcelona	1	12	8	84
Cadiz	1	24	11	213
Liverpool	7	254	23	509
Dublin	1	140	1	137
Antwerp	1	4	2	77
Bremen	2	10	4	56
Hamburg	2	90	7	100
Rio Grande	—	—	2	85
Rio Janeiro	—	275	1	10
Montevideo	—	—	—	3572
"	—	—	—	150
Total	18	3716	17	10106

The Irish are nearly all hired by their fellow-countrymen on their estancias in the country; female portion generally remain in the city, and are hired as domestic servants.

The Italians are divided into two classes, Piedmontese and the rest of Italy, and those from Lombardy. The first are, generally speaking, sailors and field labourers, shoemakers, masons, and workmen: the latter generally make themselves in quintas, farms, &c., and are very much esteemed.

The Portuguese remain at home generally have a trade, and the Frenchmen from the North of France are, generally speaking, journeymen-workmen.

The "Gallegos" are serenos, watercarriers, and servants. They have little inclination for agriculture.

It will be seen, by examining the above table, that the principal immigration lines to this country are from Genoa, Bourdeaux, Bayonne, and Havre. The other lines are of less importance—that is to say, from Liverpool, Cadiz, and Hamburg. The occupations or professions of the immigrants, are on an average as follows:—

Farm labourers, 60 per cent.
Artisans . 20 "
No particular occupation . 20 "

The Basques, Swiss, Germans, and Irish principally devote themselves to the pastoral and camp pursuits, with signal success.

Of the immigrants, at least 10 per cent are men and 30 per cent females.

But the most extraordinary feature of this table, is that of the females which arrive here, by far the largest share are from *Dublin*. The following is the table published, from the Consul's books, and the captains of the vessels' entries:—

Dublin	50 per cent.
Bayonne	15 "
Bordeaux	18 "
Genoa	20 "
Havre	18 "
Vigo	15 "

YOUTHS AND CHILDREN.

By far the larger portion of the immigrants are from Galicia and the Basque Provinces: the majority of the children are from ten to fifteen years old.

FAMILIES.

A very limited number of families have arrived as yet in this country. The few which have arrived, come principally from Germany and the Basque Provinces. It has been remarked, that in general the Germans have the largest families, five to nine in each.

In order that the reader can properly comprehend how steadily immigration is increasing, we have carefully pubished the following table, showing the immigration for the last six years:—

Months.	1858	1859	1860	1861	1862	1863
January	332	899	744	729	816	806
February	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
March	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
April	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
May	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
June	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
July	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
August	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
September	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
October	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
November	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
December	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Total	12,332	12,899	12,744	12,729	12,816	12,806

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Our readers may possibly not be aware of the present ugly row going on amongst the boot and shoemakers, but the 'crooks' and 'cooks' affair is nothing to it. It appears Mr. Aspiazu took a contract from Government for 40,000 pair of shoes, and in due time delivered the same at the Comisaria. After few days he sent to inquire if the shoes had been inspected, but was answered in the negative. Day followed day, and the same answer was given. At last, after the shoes were lying eighteen days in the office, it appeared that the inspectors refused to accept, alleging that the contractor's partner had called on him for the purpose of influencing his judgment. Aspiazu *pops* a tremendous letter at Diaz Caveda, who, it appears, has nothing whatsoever to say for himself Albarracin, we believe, remits the boots. Meanwhile, we suppose that some of the defenders of the country must go barefooted. Never, we believe, is contented to get into the boots. He prefers them to the paper dollars, stating that they may talk as they like, but *there is nothing like leather*.

The 'Spider' left yesterday for Payssandu, in order to afford protection to any British subjects that may be found in that country. Many are of opinion that if Servando Gomez comes up precipitately on the rear of Flores, that the long standing account with this regenerator will at last be settled by a British officer, of more than twenty years' standing, and who has been all through that country. Many, tells us that Flores is no more able to fight Payssandu, than the Spanish, Gibraltar, and that if Leandro Gomez lies two hundred good men and 300 he can hold out against Mr. Flores. Meanwh o, it is thought that Flores's at last do ermin d to hazard a fight at all risks. In the meantime, Don Leandro Gomez, and Servando Gomez, allow him to escape this time, there is no saying where his depredations may terminate. A little pluck now, and the country can be freed from the invader.

We call attention to the Immigration table in another column, and it will be seen that in 1863 more girls came from Ireland than from any other part of the world, and the reason is very apparent that this is the reason why there is scarcely a sheep farmer in the country a bachelor. It only hope that the immigration table next year will show the same results. The majority of the servant girls in this city are Irish, but we think it is time that there were no more complaints against them. In fact many very excellent families have now resolved to employ only Basque servant girls on account of the fashionable tendencies of the Irish servant girls. Some of the servant girls now-a-days dress with such taste and elegance that it is extremely difficult, judging simply from appearances, to know the cook from the lady of the house. There is reason in everything, but we think that it is most monstrously absurd for a girl who earns two or three hundred dollars per month to be sporting the largest mlein sapes and the co-tliest silks and satins to be found in Buenos Ayres.

The Villa del Salto struck again on the rocks of the carnival and ilidul. She had on board over 300 men, who disembarked in front of where the accident occurred. We hear that she has filled in two compartments, but we have reason to hope that she is not a total wreck.

A friend of ours, from the camp, has left for Buenos Ayres. He came from the frontier, near the 25 de Mayo, and gives the most glowing description of the state of the camps out there. He says that there is an incredible large number of Irishmen who are daily arriving out there with sheep. The camps are the most magnificent that can be imagined. Water is met with at a foot high; the arroyos are all full of water; but the most extraordinary thing of all is, that the ground is covered with pigs. In no part of the province are there so many pigs as at the 25 de Mayo. We implore and entreat of all our fellow-countrymen, who are paying enormously high rents for "puestos," where there is not a particle of grass, to take our advice and drive their flocks out immediately in the north and west directions. Only the other day, we selected a fine Devon cow, and we intend to keep her for a month, to hold out for another month, should take courage, and before the sheep get too thin, at once move them, always keeping in view the proper road to take, i.e. where there are plenty of rivers and arroyos. Sheep require more water than cows when travelling, as an instance of this, we may mention that only last week a farmer who was driving his sheep out to "Junin" offered as high as $500 dollars for water on the road for liberty to water his sheep, and in many places was refused.

Mr. Rowland, the well-known auctioneer, has sent us a specimen of his wool auction. As it is a novelty to see wool sold by auction, we readily find room for it. It will be found in another column.

BRITISH HOSPITAL.

A general meeting of the subscribers was held on the 8th January, at the British Consulate, Frank Parish, Esq., H B. M. Consul, in the Chair.

The Chairman opened the proceedings by briefly stating the object of the meeting, and by congratulating the subscribers on the present satisfactory position of affairs of the Hospital.

Mr. Ford, representing Mr. Moore, the secretary, to read the following report:—

December, 1863.

Your Committee have much pleasure in presenting the following Report of their administration of the affairs of the Hospital, and they trust that the measures they have adopted will meet the approval of the subscribers:—

On first entering office, they became aware that it was impossible for Dr. Reid to fulfil his medical duties, and at the same time to look after the domestic arrangements of the establishment. They, therefore, appointed a matron at a monthly salary of 500 dollars, and from experience have since found them that the measure was a prudent and economical one.

Your Committee regret to inform you, that the repairs of the building form an important item in their accounts. The state of the east wing rendered it necessary to effect repairs, and that, and several of re works that were absolutely necessary for the health of the patients, were ordered, and have been executed without the least economy, and very important, as well as costly, repairs, remain to be done. amongst others, the re-building of the wall in Calle de Belgrano, which has been condemned as insecure by the Municipal engineers. This work it would not be prudent to defer beyond the present season of the year, as it is connected with the funds applicable to the purpose.

During the current year, the number of patients received into the hospital, was 300 males and 9 females. Total —305.

Being 70 in excess of the admission last year.

Discharged cured or relieved .	251
Died .	18
Number at present in Hospital .	34

Of these 25 were admitted free, and the existence of so many of our afflicted countrymen, compelled to apply for gratuitous medical attendance is a strong proof of the great necessity for liberal subscription, from town and country, to keep pace with the daily increasing British population and the consequent increase of sick to be provided for.

The admission of several private patients, at 50 dollars and 100 dollars per diem, has in no way encroached on the rooms set apart for the ordinary patients, and has been a source of profit to the establishment.

In consequence of the contractors of the Northern Railway having repudiated the payment of expenses incurred in the Hospital by a number of their workmen, your Committee felt bound to receive such patients, without a sufficient guarantee for payment of their accounts, which they did not feel justified in burdening the subscribers with maintenance of men brought from England by the contractors for a special object, and who, therefore, could not be considered permanent residents in the country.

The accounts of the Treasurer, which will be found herewith, show a balance in favour of the Hospital of $41,195 5 in the yearly expenses account. Of this balance $8,195 3 are deposited with the London, B. Ayres and River Plate Bank, and the balance in the hands of the Treasurer, and of $33,188 2 dolls to credit of the Building Fund, wholly are also deposited with the bank.

From these it will be seen that the amount of yearly subscriptions is $9,020 dolls, being an increase of 20,870 over last year. A further sum of 9,640 dolls has been received in special donations, making a total in voluntary contributions of 100,410 dolls.

The Committee have further received 10,893, the proceeds of an entertainment given in the saloons of Co-on Theatre for the benefit of the Hospital, and take this opportunity of tendering their thanks to the ladies and gentlemen who so kindly and successfully lent their valuable time and talents for this object.

An amount of 700 dols for interest has been received from the bank on the general expense account, the Committee having resolved to employ in this manner any spare funds there might be in the Treasurer's hands from time to time.

Every effort has been made by your Committee to render the institution self-supporting by curtailing household and other expenses, in which they have succeeded in effecting a sensible reduction without, as they believe, in any way impairing the efficiency of the management. The amount disbursed under the head of current expenses in 1863 dols 7 r's, or 2,021 dols 1 r. less than in 1862, while the number of patients received into the Hospital shows an increase of 70 over last year.

The balance standing to the credit of the Building Fund remains the same as on 1st January, with the exception of an amount of 898 dols received for interest. Your committee would suggest that a sum of 9,000 dols should be transferred to this fund from the general accounts, to form a reserve in the event of any extraordinary outlay being called for at some future day.

The Committee cannot too fully express the obligation they are under to Mr. Moore for his assistance in the collection of subscriptions, an I to whose unwearied efforts they are principally indebted for the satisfactory results presented in their accounts.

The subscriptions from the county districts show a marked increase over former years, and the thanks of the Committee are due to the gentlemen who have exerted themselves on behalf of the Hospital.

It is satisfactory for your Committee to be able to state that the liberal support the Hospital has received has enabled them to admit all applicants who have presented themselves with proper recommendations; but although your committee are able to resign their trust with a balance free from debt but with a balance at the bank, it must be remembered that this satisfactory termination of the year of office has only been attained by the postponement of the of the repairs already mentioned as demanding immediate attention, and it is there to be hoped that a liberal increase will be realised in the coming year.

In terminating their report your Committee have much pleasure in testifying the skill and attention of your resident surgeon Dr. Reid. His unremitting care towards the sick has been frequently and gratefully acknowledged by a many who he has left the Hospital.

The thanks of the Committee are also due to Messrs. Mulhall, for their continued liberality in gratuitously inserting advertisements in their paper, a copy of which they supply free of charge for the use of the residents in the Hospital.

R M'CLYMONT, Chairman.
F. W. MOORE, Secretary.

It was then moved by Mr. Milroy, and seconded by Mr. Fulton, that the report be adopted, which was carried unanimously.

On the motion of Mr. Moore, seconded by Mr. J. C. Peck, a vote of thanks was ordered to be recorded to Mr. Seymour for his active and gratuitous services in collecting subscriptions.

It was moved by Mr. Anderleonie seconded by Mr. Neild, and carried unanimously, that the thanks of the subscribers should be conveyed to Dr. Reid for his services during the past year.

Proposed by Rev. E. Ford, seconded by Rev. G. Smith, and carried unanimously, that $30,000 be passed from the General Expense Account to the Building Fund, as recommended by the committee,

On the motion of Mr. Fulton, seconded by Mr. Anderleonie, it was resolved to request Messrs. Mulhall to publish the report and minutes of this meeting for the information of the members who were not present.

A vote of thanks to the outgoing committee, for their very successful administration of the affairs of the Hospital, was proposed by Mr. Parish, seconded by Mr. Mulhall, and carried unanimously.

The Chairman having left the chair, Mr. Ford proposed and Mr. Getting seconded a vote of thanks to him for his able conduct at this meeting. Carried unanimously.

Frank Parish, Esq., again took the chair, and called upon the subscribers present to appoint a new committee for the year 1864, and the following gentlemen were duly elected on the proposal of Evyford, seconded by Mr. Salmond.

Mr. Anderleonie
Mr. Moore
Mr. Getting
Mr. Seymour
Mr. Chisholm
Mr. Fulton.

Supleintes Mr. Kerr.

The proceedings then terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman, F. Parish, Esq.

Farces at the Registro Cricco.

Scene in the jury room of the Marced, on Wednesday. The *Cocedos* present false papericts

Even and enlightened elector—Here is my papeleta. I want my inscription ticket.

A Juror—Where do you live.

Elector—Where my papeleta says.

Juror—Where is that, and what is the owner's name.

Elector—Don't know his name, never saw him.

Juror—Well, what is the number of the house.

Elector—No. so and so (which happens to be President Mitre's house); I hire a room there. (Said elector evaporates immediately after being found out).

Enter 2nd Elector.

Elector—Su servidor, I want my voting ticket.

A Juror—Where do you live.

Elector—73 Calle . . . I hire two rooms there.

Juror—Hola, that happens to be the house where I live, and this is the first time I hear of any one else occupying those apartn ents. Come, clear out. (Elector retires crestfallen).

Enter 4 Electors.

Electors—We want our inscription ticket.

Juror—Where did you get your papeletas.

Electors—They were given to us round the corner.

Juror—Where do you live.

Electors—Just come from Bahia Blanca. We put up at present at 66 Calle . . . Juror—If there is anything to be done in the knife line, they will do it no doubt.

LATEST from the PROVINCES.

Commercial rooms are about being opened by the merchants in Rosario.

The first of the line is within four days' march of Rosario.

From the Provinces we learn everything is very quiet.

Governor Cullen of Santa Fe has,we regret to say,insisted on his resignation

The Paymaster of Rosario is again at his post, and no further change is made against him about five letters posted for Cordova in his office.

All the provinces it appears are again in peace, and Pavnera as soon as he h s established his frontier battalion to protect ag inst the Indians, will return to Buenos Ayres. Boron is in Parana, having left as a spy on Lopez.

Business is a little brisker in Rosario, and goods are going fast into the interior.

THE CAMP SCHOOLMASTER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "STANDARD."

My Dear Mr. Editor,

I and many dear friend of Wilkins and M'Cawber, Esq., a party, who, when in Punta Portiane frowned on him, heroically turned his attention, with the object of repairing his fallen fort, from the Indians to Education, and took an interest in pointers and colts! If you have, perhaps you remember, how, when on the point of leaving his native land, he addressed a few lines, purely in the spirit of vexation, and partly in that of universal benevolence "If any example should save but one young man from following in my footsteps, then, have not I lived in vain."

My attention was called to an able leading article in your paper, proposals for the French mail of 18th Nov. 1864, in which you clearly state what class of emigrants are wanted in this dedicated country, and with the immortal W. M., I feel inclined to exclaim "If one young man be saved from total ruin by reading your experience, then, have not I lived in vain."

I happened to be in Great Britain, last year, on a tour, and whilst travelling round, I heard a great deal about

this country. "Hope told a flattering tale, much longer than my arm" to Hembrow's "present General," and although, all through life, I have generally kept a curb upon my sanguine temperament, by remembering the text "Blessed are they that hope for little for they won't get much" (when found), make a note of and although I also know that, I was not coming to the land of cotton, cinnamon seed and sandy bottom, yet I could not help sometimes imagining this to be a land of mutton chops and chutnee sauce, devilled kidneys, and boiled bones, *ad libitum*. But, tell it not in Gath nor in the streets of Askelon how my air castle dreams were cruelly dispelled! (mark you, what follows, must be prefaced with the statement which I have often heard since my return from China, viz: that my lot had not fallen in pleasant places, but was an exception, although an exemplary one enough).

I arrived here sometime ago, and on presenting my letters of introduction, I was obliged to partake of a dish, for which I have, my great relish, cold shoulder. The good folks, to whom I had letters, grinned all over their body, (just like a youngster after his first kiss, or like a Chinese Sampan girl who has just been toppled into the water by some peppery Britisher who possesses exuberant spirits) and commenced talking to me something that sounded somewhat like a discourse on the Greek Digamma, in which the words 'sees' and 'Flores' held a prominent position. I asked, in my innocence, why they, if they disliked it so much, did not take council together and put a stop to the 'seea' (whatever that might be) and sit upon 'Flores'. I have when at school, eaten various apples, sour as Greek and Hebrew tracts, but, Land of Goshen! my face never was so like a nutcracker as theirs were, when I made this remark. My language, I fear, was strong and gone and done it, and put my foot in it, like sister Polly's daughter who lost her shoe at a pic-nic, and which article of dress was afterwards found in a pigeon pie. I left the presence of those grave Solgnons with a kind of a feeling that I had been speaking disrespectfully of some of their relations, or of some dear departed friend, and that thus, unwillingly I had re-opened the sore.

I had heard that in Spanish countries "all the men were brave, and all the women were virtuous." "Seea" I say to Combining, I soliloquised, and I'll be decided if this infant hasn't been talking flippantly of some of their great grandmothers. Oh Sinless and Jerusalem! didn't I feel mean! I'll tell you how I felt. Just fancy yourself on a high pressure boat, racing like mad with an opposition boat, 200 on the square inch, and the Captain sitting on the safety valve shrieking like a Pawnee Indian, till his veins are swollen and his face is of a scarlet bloo redey'll do her, or boat! let her rip! Oh Land of Goshen! Earth and Seas! Let her vent, she's worse'n when out of a sudden, burst goes one of the feeding water pipes and you feel a liquid ley cold, trickling down your back, at the same time you find your ears tingling, and hot, hot as——; just as if you had received a powerful sockdologer from a man who intended to try the strength of his fists, if you can realise all that, then have you my delightful feeling.

On returning to my hotel I turned up Nuttings and Dretti and found that 'seea' was not a human female, but a drought, and that 'Flores' was the plural of *Flos* a flower—now I've got it—how respectable, and consistent my fellow countrymen, for *ex quem lienis vult perdere, prius nementat* the drought and hot weather have driven them raving distracted and as a June bed bug.

Finding that I had not insulted any of their female ancestors, and that they ought rather to be pitied for the loss of such reason as prudence ever endowed them with (I never saw them before the 'seea') than condemned, I screwed up sufficient courage to call upon them a few days afterwards, and perhaps, should they have recently had more violent paroxysms, they would possibly be in a state of lull and be able to talk more sensibly.

The first party to whom I went, pulled his whiskers, grinned like a Cheshire cat or a second Catker—and Snaker! he evidently knew his own good points, for his teeth were wonderfull whits! (I guess he don't chew tobacco) and looked very natural—? Well, Mr. Hobson, I recommend you to the 'seea' camp" (however never offering to give me letters to any of his camp friends), advice, a refreshing lot like that given by Sr. Benjamin Brodie to a poor woman "I'd advise you to live well, take carriage exercise every day, and towards the end of the season go to Windsor Bodon, As your appetite is not good, and I don't approve of such topics as quinine or gentian, take half-a-dozen of oysters, not more, and a couple of glasses of Johannisberg a few minutes before dinner; good morning, ma'am"

To make a long story short, I started for that unknown region, the camp, in what direction is no business of your's or *any other men's*. Finding nothing particular to do, unless I turned my attention to cutting the throats of sheep, or wandering about skinning such as had died of the bugbear of mine, the 'seea' (I ain't a Cincinnati man) I thought that teaching the young idea how to shoot might possibly gain me my living, feeling perfectly competent to impart the three Rs (reading, writing, and arithmetic) to any number of juveniles, I accordingly engaged myself to a country man of the Duke of Argyle's—how that deceased nobleman would lament the destruction of his countrymen, and a pity it is he ever came, except at the entrance to carriles —who promised to pay me,—well I don't say what in cash for I feel the sweepers of London might be tempted to remain at home—I stood it pretty well for about a month, and I don't believe that I should have left, had I wished to teach those brats—a better they were naturally stupid, or stubborn or, owing to their parents, become half idiots, I know not—but of one thing, I am certain that the little brats were delightfully ignorant of the use of soap and water and palpably wretched, either pictorial or plain.—Oh! that some Mrs. Jollyby would start up and organise a society for educating the young and teaching the use of pictorial pocket-handkerchiefs in this Argentine Booro booligah.!!

"Those whom the gods love, die young," and by the same token, as Hamlet that these youngsters, were they to die now, would die if not in the odour of sanctity, in that of cleanliness.

The quantity of tobacco that I smoked as a kind of disinfectant during that period, I shudder myself almost to name for fear —knowing that a wink is as good as an ox to a blind horse, I set a copy line for one of my improving pupils "cleanliness is next to Godliness—Well, do as I dict the little purists, he refused to write and trotted to his father, and Oh! Hedges! down came he like a thousand of bricks, shouting the name of Dorie—that would have made Professor Bleckes' (Edimbro' N. B.) heart beat with joy. "Ye mounna teach the bairn nae sic nonsense" I could not get him out in place of teaching "the bairn tae sweer," I was planting a great moral truth in the child's mind, to which mr evidently never had heard, when, a pleasantry, He lost his temper, and I, like a goose, lost mine—Having got it, that what Sydney Smith wrote of Scotchmen, years ago, still holds good—they still require a surgical operation to be performed on their heads, before they can understand aught. After bandying a few complimentary remarks, the spirit moved me to tell him that he, and my worthy papa had found two clans of Scotsmen the same —that whenever they succeeded in becoming owners of a piece of land, they immediately proceeded to sell it, and carried as much of the soil about them on their persons, as they well could. This put the finishing hitch to my career. Papa sent me some notice to quit, and told him that I would make tracks from his diggins as soon as ever I could get my plunder removed. As I said before I am a remarkable man, and another Repentance can vouch for that fact.

To return to our mutton, I mean, my employer, for I told him that I was the immortal Colonel Davy Crocket "You go to——and I'll go to 'Texas'"—That same night, I travelled.

Fancy my surprise at the fulfillment of my dreams of stodgy chops and Chutnee sauce—our times for feeding, were as follows—7 A. M. tea, and a small repetition of chicory and burnt horse beans called by a stretch of imagination, coffee —I don't know if even, when a youngster, I ever swallowed a more nauseous dose of salts, than I did of this pleasant beverage—11 A. M. a cup of tea, with a vile compound called, "Gregory's mixture" I have been, and as far as I can recollect it appeared to me to be made up of rhubarb and soda, two spoonfuls of turpentine, a drachm of assafoetida, three grains of ipecacuhana and a few drops of laudanum, by way of medicine, but rest nasty to swallow —just in fact a physic adopted for a public hospital—it is a well known fact that the worst medicines for children are properly attended to, unless they get physic, the taste of which remains in their mouth for a week. Our coffee was made in the same way—2 P. M. we prepared to go before a Justice of peace and make declaration that that coffee had never seen Yungan, Brazil or Rio—5 P. M. dinner, as far as my stomach could recollect an article called by courtesy, Biscuit, as hard as any stone that ever came from Lavin Garden.

Fancy a brickbat, and you are on to my mouth during an election fuss in one of the Western Cities, and before you can recover yourself, a sweet and absence of body from the crowd, to spit out the nasty thing along with some of my front teeth, I had swallowed a big piece of the identical biscuit intended me of that darned brickbat.

At 11 A. M. we had dinner consisting of boiled mutton and boiled bones and ten compozed of dried birch brooms but small and a few stray straws.

At 4 P. M. we had tea, more bones, tallow and biscuit.

At 7 P. M. we had tea, bones, dried bout uppers, and biscuit.

At 9 P. M. we all went to bed to sleep, per chance to dream. There is an old tradition, that when the King of the Fleas, who lives in Galilee, dies, there are enamous lacks of the fleas all over the world, to choose a successor. Well, judging from the uproarious behaviour of those small deer in my bed there must have been several mass meetings of the flea-s of the parish in which, for my sins I was then residing. Some of the fleas from which they practised stump orators from the way they stumped over my body. I'm a patient man, I am—I can stand mosquitoes, even Gallinipper-s, but I'll be jiggered (Don't find the Earl of *Eglinton* and Earl of Lieutenant of Ireland used that very phrase in a public speech) if I can stand fleas.

After leaving this highly polished individual and his interesting family, I returned to Buenos Ayres, and finding nothing to do, I at once took and have devoted my time to studying human nature as displayed in the native and foreign residents of this place. In the women naturally take the *pas*—they are, as all over the world, the better portion. If the old Turk, Mahomet, had been taken for Solomon, he wouldn't have bra ged about his beautiful ones in Paradise so overlastingly, I know for these Buenos Ayres girls are being them, all hollow. I've on 'eye there' an'no deceiving; I have made it a study-I have, to use the words of old Sam Johnson, studied human nature from China to Peru. I know every point about a woman as well as I do about a horse—I make all allowances for the gear, the getting-up, and the vamping, and all that sort of book; but taggery don't make an ugly girl hand some, no how you can fix it. It may lower her ugliness a little, but it won't raise her beauty if she isn't got none.

With regard to the men, I would say native and foreign, there ain't much to crack on. I never see a lot of them on board, but thought of a mule, but what, I think or old Death is about to call a concert party whose acquaintance I contracted on the Levee of New Orleans. He was an excitable party was Death, would smash any of his brother niggers pass, a little more decently dressed than himself (Snowball was a bit of a shaver, like many a good white man) and would go raving distracted mad, and shout at the pitch of his voice:—

20,161 was the total number of deaths in the United States Pitch and go it my nigs and niggresses, Pitch and go it. And the way we'll exclaim will be table to Davy Crockett.

(Owing to the extreme length of this communication we are obliged to defer the conclusion until our next issue—Ed.)

LOCAL EVENTS.

Regimental Uniforms—The Government notifies the public and particularly the foreign merchants and residents they will, on the 11th inst., receive proposals for ten thousand uniforms. A certain party, through the columns of the 'Tribuna', attacks the conduct of the Government for accepting bids from foreign houses, and states that it is far better that the uniforms should be made in Buenos Ayres than in Paris, because much as it gives employment to thousands of poor females who have no other means of subsistence than making soldiers fur jackets.

Sordida lex.—The 'Tribuna' asserts that the Chief of Police of Puysandu has fled since the approach of Flores. We believe that this statement is correct.

Went sold by auction, by Thomas Gowland, on the 7th inst, at the South Market:—

270 arr. wool, Mestiza, fine sup. $112
5 0 do do do 87
300 do do do 86
200 do do do 81
3 0 do do with carcella 75
250 do do, do 74
100 do horrgn, fine, without carcella 94

Paradox.—This little town has produced one of the most patriotic in the country: all the principal shopkeepers and estancieros have come forward to join in the Grand Review, on the 25th Pueblo. It is to be hoped that the townspeople of the other little country villages, will follow such example.

Zarate Recitivo—We understand that in consequence of the extremely hot weather the proposers of this rout are obliged to postpone the carrying of the line for the present; the circuitous project we hear is abandoned.

Sin Intiro.—This delightful little suburb is at present the great point of attraction for all our fashionables. The President's dinner parties are conducted on the most splendid scale. The President's quinta is the Sir Lowther of Buenos Ayres, only that the dwelling house wants the clock tower and lofty turrets which grace the Uruguayan palace.

Zarate.—We hear a branch Club of the 'Pueblo' has been established in this town.

Very Important—The Minister of War and Kerryman left for Martin Garcia yesterday, at noon. They pushed off in a small flat-bottomed boat, which Kerryman nearly capsized when he jumped into.

MR. CHAS' coach was upset on the Palermo road, on Friday evening. Through the accident Mr. Chas' leg was guished fancier, Mr. Chas and family were rescued from the danger.

THE HOLSA.

Jan. 9th.

Patacones opened at 28 75, and shortly afterwards rose to 28 81; in the evening they declined to 28 75, at which price they closed. Total sales, 270,300.

PRODUCE SALES.

150 dry cowhides ... 116
200 do from estancias ... 82
500 as wool, mestiza ... 84
510 do do ... 80

1500	do good mixed	75
600	do do	76
40	do sheepskin	110
200	do do	100

In deposit 6000 arr fine merino wool 100
3270 hides, Entre Rios 61 slr rl
600 arr wool, do 81
30 bags hair, Corrientes 31

MARITIME NEWS

ARRIVALS.

8th.
Liverpool, English steamer Paraná.
New York, brigantine Lilla.

9th.
Cardiff, Italian brigantine, Bruto

Tobacco for Dating Sheep

A few rolls are on sale at Calle Defensa, No. 114.
Jan 10, 3p

The finest Rooms in Town

Any persons looking for nice, airy rooms, also beautiful parlour looking on the street, can find same by applying at No. 203, Maipu, where they will have an opportunity of inspecting the premises.
Jan. 10, 2 w

Lost

On the 8th instant, a Cabriolet Horse with an English saddle, bridle, and reins, has but one mark, and that on the right side.

Whoever will bring it to the same to this Office, will be handsomely rewarded.

To Let

To Single Gentlemen, several furnished rooms, and a parlour looking to the street.

Apply Calle de la Florida, No. 238.
Jan 10, 3p.

COLEGIO
SAN MARTIN
Calle Florida 58.

El Director de dicho Colegio tiene el honor de avisar á los Sres. Padres y Encargados de niños que el dia 11 del corriente han principiado las clases del corso actual. El espera que dichos Señores enviarán á los jóvenes lo mas pronto posible, para evitar el inconveniente del trastorno que produce volver á explicar, para los recien venidos, las lecciones ya explicadas.

Se previene que en las clases de estudios preparatorios, se siguen los textos y programas de la Universidad, así objeto de que puedan cambiar sus colegios en ella al fin del año, lo que así lo desean.
Jan 3-3p. *Roberto Hempel.*

EL ESTABLECIMIENTO
FOTOGRÁFICO
Del Pintor y Fotografista
P. Rainoldi,

Se halla abierto calle de Belgrano No. 74.
NOTA.—Se hacen retratos con colores naturales.

Great Bargain.

To be Sold, in the parish of Belgrano, a beautiful Villa, with a large garden in front, by 1 3/4 depth with the pasture, even with the most ons drought which we experience.

The price is one hundred and ninety thousand dollars including two houses, with double yards and wells, a large well with abundance of water, and excellent corrals.

Or the Land there are 3200 head of Cattle, amongst which are 300 cows, which will be sold for $25 ms or my ewe. There are also 1000 ewes and sheep, which can be sold for $20 each.

There are 1o,5 ew Mares and Horses.

If any individual wishes to buy the Land and not the Land will be rented for the sum of $12000 per annum.

The person who buys the above will have a large lag, in which the Land will rent a magnificent result, in a very short time, only requiring two men to work the establishment.

Dr. Lingard's History of England. Mackintosh's Ditto. Goldsmith's Ditto. Shelly, Plunkett, and O'Connell's Speeches.

Gaelic Calliff's Letters and Speeches. Lover's Tyrics of Ireland.

Above on sale at

C. & J. MACKERN'S,
English Stationers and Booksellers,
21 CALLE SAN MARTIN.
(Opposite the Cathedral)

Protection from Fire,
PERFECT RELIEF FROM
BRYANT & MAY'S
PATENT SPECIAL SAFETY MATCHES,
Wax Vestas & Cigar Lights.

REMATE.

Por Federico Silva.

En la Aduana Vieja en el patio.

Dia Miercoles

Para los Arquitectos, Marmolistas particulares que edifican Machicras.

Combustibles por los buenos Comitis y demas.

El Martes 12 del corriente á las 11 en punto de la mañana se rematará ádos mas alta postura y comprador mas que se entiende ala fin aquello dos efectos:

Monumentos, estatuas para jardines, brocales para algibes finisimas chimeneas, lavatorios, escalones, balaustres, cornisas, vadosos, fuentes para agua, claqueo de diferentes clases como para vacas vieuas, cabras para cocinar, pilares para cercas, mesas para comer, columnas para balcones, y otras otras cosas que no enumero á la vista.

THE BRITISH & FOREIGN
China, Earthenware, & Glass
Store,
67—D'ENSA—67.

Just opened to the Public. The largest stock in town. Fast Steamer Goods of all descriptions. An immense variety of Glass Goods, English, French, and German China Articles.

Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets,
Coffee Sets,
Low Prices—Fixed Prices.
Terms—Cash,
WILLIAM FERGUSON & CO.
67—D'ENSA—67.
(Corner of Potosi.)

N.B.—The Stock will be shortly increased by arrivals from Europe.
Jan 1, 3m

BRITISH HOTEL,
96—CALLE PIEDAD—96.

Board per Month, $300.

Private Dining Rooms, nice cool and airy, looking on the street.

Persons anxious to board on English style should patronize this Establishment, as it is the only real English Hotel in town.

Breakfast from 8 to 12
Dinner " 4 " 7
Tea " 7 " 10
Supper at any hour. Dinners supplied out.
d 1, 2 w

Wanted.

A young Man of good experience and good recommendations wants a Situation as Sub-agent or Clerk.

Address G N Standard office.
3 p 16

Notice.

In consequence of the demise of my husband Mr Austin Latham, the business of the house will in future, be carried on under my name. E. Bedford Dowding engineer, duly authorized by me.
30 dp JANE LATHAM.

THE HIBERNIAN HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT.
THOMAS FALLON,
68 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD,
(Between San Martin and Reconquista).

DARING FEATS!
BY THE
DE LAVE FAMILY
In the Garden of the Bellas Porteñas, Plaza del Parque.

On Sunday, the 10th inst., 1864.

NEW PERFORMANCE
AND
SEDUCTION of RISES

The daring Mons. De Lave and the young American prodigy William De Lave, who has been so much applauded through the whole world, and last of all in their first representation in Colon Theatre. The Theatre, however, not being sufficiently large they invite fifteen families to which they will give a series of performances which will astonish and delight the audience, on a rope 90 feet long upheld by two masts, on which he will perform the most daring feats ever witnessed in South America. A band of music will be in attendance.

Programme.

1st. Opening with music.

2nd. Great aerial performance by Mons. De Lave, in which he will cross the rope in every way that is known performing some first-class feats such as the cafeterieres, &c., after which young William, assisted by his father, will perform on the rope some extraordinary feats of equilibrium, gymnastics, &c.

3rd. Double ascension by Sr. De Lave and the young prodigy William De Lave, in which he will perform the most extraordinary feats ever witnessed for a child of his age.

N.B.—Mons. De Lave offers to take any person on his shoulders across the Rope.

Doors open at 4 o'clock, and performance to commence at 5.

Children, with Seats in the Yard, Ten Dollars.

In the Garden, with Seats, Fifteen Dollars.

The principal part of the performances will be on a Platform.

Just Received, or 'Dolta'

Another lot of Fresh Butter. It defies fat Brand.

T. FALLON,
HIBERNIAN HOUSE,
Nos. 64, 66, and 68 CALLE PIEDAD.
3p 9

Employment Wanted.

A young Man seeks a situation as Coachman, Gardener, or Watchman, in town or country.

Address J. G., Standard Office.
3 p 10

TERENCIO CURRAN

Begs leave to notify to the public that he has now on hand a large and well-selected Stock of

English and Irish manufactured Goods,

Suited for Town and Camp use.

Customers wishing to be served with sound Goods will do well to give an early call.

T. C. wishes to intimate that, while he declines making use of any superfluous "Puffing Humbug" (now so universally) to accuse-com-, he is in a position to offer to the Public as good value as any other House in the trade.

A large supply of Children's Wear always on hand.

75—CALLE SAN MARTIN—75
d 8 1 m

Important Auction
BY BALBIN AND PLOWES,

Of the Hull of the British Barque,

GOLDEN EAGLE,

By order of the Captain, James Williamson, and underwriters by H. B.M. Consul, Point Indio, Buenos Ayres, at 11 o'clock Monday, 11th January, in the Paseo Julio, will be sold for cash, to the highest bidder, the Hull of the Golden Eagle, as it now stands in which the vessels lay between Point Piedras and Point Indio. The dimensions are: Length over all 120 feet long, 25 beam, and 15 deep, copper-fastened, and sheathed with yellow metal up to 12 feet, and has been in for the last two years.

The Hull is now moored in the Paseo Julio, and will be sold for cash, to the highest bidder, on the above date

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums effected by sea, or on the river, overpasse effected by sea, or on the river, overpasse Office: Calle Reconquista 89.

Directors.

Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, President.
" " Enrique Ocheo, Vice-President.
" " Felipe Llanosa.
" " Manuel Zumaran.
" " Jacobo Pavarini.
" " Enrique Dumbleton.
" " Mariano Cassero.
" " Francisco P. Moreno, Gerente.

DRAFTS AT SIGHT ON THE UNION BANK OF

IRELAND.

ISSUED BY THE

LONDON, BUENOS AYRES AND RIVER PLATE BANK.

Calle de la Piedad No. 80.

MONEY ORDERS.

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 82 branches of the

NATIONAL BANK.

Drafts are also granted on *Messrs Prescott, Grote & Co, Bankers* LONDON.

And on *J. Barned & Co, Banker* LIVERPOOL.

Timely application should be made at the office of Br. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 66 calle San Martin (opposite the Bolsa.

THOMAS B HALL

Shipping List of

CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.,
Shipbrokers, &c.,

FOR ANTWERP,
British Barque,
CRYSTALINE,
A 1. 266 Tons.
Clarke, Master,
Cleared at the Custom House, and sailing immediately.
Consigned to order.

Dutch Schooner,
HOORTE WICHGER,
111 Tons,
Klusen, Master,
Receiving her last Bales, and clearing at the Custom House.
Consigned to order.

FOR ANTWERP,
Danish Schooner,
HYDRA,
138 Tons,
Petersen, Master,
A chartered vessel, but can still engage a few bales and dry hides, if ready.
Consigned to order.

Dutch Brigantine,
CORNELIA SUSANA,
3-5 T.T. 147 Tons,
Urytsma, Master.
Can engage dry hides and a few bales.
Consigned to order.

French Ship,
GRANDE ANTILLE,
5-6 A.T.T. 351 Tons.
Tenand, Master,
Can still engage dry hides and bales.
Consignee, Durgola and Lanes.

National Barque,
RIVADAVIA,
947 Tons,
Norman, Master.
Can engage dry hides and bales
Consignee, D. C. Gowland.

For further particulars, please apply to
CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.
Shipbrokers, &c.
Calle 25 de Mayo, 49.

GENERAL STEAMBOAT AGENCY OFFICE
89—*Calle Reconquista*—89.
E. D. RISSO.

FOR MONTEVIDEO. — The MENAY leaves every Monday and Thursday at 4 o'clock in the afternoon; returning every Wednesday and Sunday. Fares $ and $ pats.

NOTICE.

Irish College, Lobos.

I beg leave to announce to my fellow countrymen that I am about to resume my Establishment in San Jose de Flores, and that JULY studies shall be duly resumed in the Irish College de San Jose de Flores on the 18th of January 1864.

P. FITZSIMON, A.M., Dr. Ph.
N.B.—The College House is in the Calle Real San Jose de Flores, a square beyond the Church.

To Let,

The large and commodious Dwelling House, No 159 Calle Florida, Rent moderate to a good Tenant.

Also, for rent a splendid property in a central locality. A Rare Chance for Capitalists, Apply to

Henry S. Yeloman,
No 141, Tucuman.

J9 6p

Notice.

The horse-n business in Barracas, whilst up to this date was established under the firm of Jose M. S. & Co. will henceforth be carried on under the firm of

MOHR & CLAUSEN.

Buenos Ayres, 1st January, 1864.

Juan C. Mohr,
Henry A. Clausen.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.

NATIONAL VILLEGENCES AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS

WM. MATTI and CO.

30 CANGALLO 30

FOR MONTEVIDEO.
Taking Passengers and Cargo, the National Steamer
LIBERTAD,
Captain Micbelini,
Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturdays at 2 p.m. and Montevideo every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

FOR CONCORDIA;
Calling at Frey Bentos and Concepcion, the National Steamer
SAITO
Captain F. Filanzay.
Leaves every Tuesday at 9 a.m., and returns every Friday. Leaves for Concepcion every Saturday, and returns every Monday.

FOR ROSARIO
Calling at Zarate, Ibaudero, San Pedro Obligado, Las Hermanitas, and San Nicolas Voyage by the Parana de las Palmas, taking Cargo and Passengers, the National Steamer
PAVON,
Captain Pitcn,
Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

FOR GUALEGUAY,
The National Steamer
LUCIO CRISPAS,
Captain D. Lickister,
Leaves the "Bueo de las Nueve Vueltas" every Friday after the arrival of the Parana and returns each Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave here every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

FOR THE PARANA,
Santa Fe, and Intermediate Ports, the Mail Steamer
ESPIGADOR,
Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after the arrival of the Paraná and returns every Tuesday in time to hand over Passengers' luggage to the Pavon, which leaves for Buenos Ayres.

FOR CORRIENTES
Calling at Paraná, La Paz, Cuadla 'de la Esquina, Casilla de Goya, Bella Vista, and Empedrado, the British Steamer
ESMERALDA,
Leaves Rosario in combination with the Pavon, on Tuesday, December 22, and returns on Friday, January 1st.

FARES!

To Montevideo (cabin)	6 patacones
Zarate do	4 "
San Pedro do	8 "
Obligado do	10 "
San Nicolas do	12 "
Rosario do	16 "
San Lorenzo do	18 "
Diamante do	20 "
Santa Fé do	24 "
Paraná do	
La Paz do	32 "
La Esquina do	36 "
Goya do	40 "
Bella Vista do	44 "
Empedrado do	48 "
Corrientes do	52 "
Cuadeguaychú	11 "
Concepcion	13 "
Concordia	17 "

Deck Half-price.

FREIGHTS!

To Montevideo, per ton	4 dollars
Rosario	6 "
San Nicolas	6 "
Parana	"
La Paz	"
Bella Vista	10 "
La Esquina	"
Goya	"
Corrientes	12 "
The Uruguay Ports	10 "

FOR CUYABA,
Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Paraná, Corrientes, Asuncion, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer
MARQUES DE OLINDA
Captain Thipolito de S. Bettencourt.
Leaves on the 18th December.
FARES:

San Nicolas	16 pats.
Rosario	20 "
Parana	28 "
Corrientes	60 "
Asuncion	80 "
Coxumba	142 "

For Bahia Blanca & Patagones.
THE CORRIENTES
Will leave on the 11th December, o'clock.
Fares—Cabin 500 do's. Deck 300 do's.
Freight 250 dols. per ton and 5 p$, Gold 5 Silver 2 p$.
No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

NUEVAS

Messagerias Nacionales.
Office Removed to
228—CALLE VICTORIA—228
Leaves for Pillar every day
" Capilla del Senor every day.
" San Antonio de Areco, all uneven days.
" Zarate, all even days.
" Baradero, 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29.
Returns from Pillar, every day.
" Capilla, every day.
" San Antonio, all even days.
" Zarate, all uneven days.
" Baradero, 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30.
Conductors and Owners:
MERLIN and MESQUITA.

NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Opening of the San Isidro Station. Week Days.

LEAVES.	1st Train, a.m.	2nd Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From 26 de Mayo	6 30	10	1 30	5
" the Retiro	6 40	10 10	1 40	5 10
" Belgrano	7 15	10 45	2 15	5 45
" Los Olivos	7 15	10 45	2 15	5 45
Arrives at San Isidro	8 10	11 40	3 10	6 40

RETURNS.	1st Train, a.m.	2nd Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From San Isidro	8	11 30	3	7
" Los Olivos	8 15	11 45	3 15	7 15
" Belgrano	8 40	12 10	3 40	7 40
" the Retiro	8	11 30	3	7
Arrives at 26 de Mayo	9 10	12 40	4 10	8 10

Sundays and Holidays

LEAVES.	1st Train, a.m.	2nd Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From 26 de Mayo	6 30	9 45	2 30	5
" the Retiro	6 40	10	2 40	5 10
" Belgrano	7 15	10 45	3 15	5 45
" Los Olivos	7 15	10 45	3 15	5 45
Arrives at San Isidro	8 10	11 40	4 10	6 40

RETURNS.	1st Train, a.m.	2nd Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From San Isidro	8	11 30	3 30	7
" Los Olivos	8 15	11 45	3 45	7 15
" Belgrano	8 40	12 10	4 10	7 40
" the Retiro	8	11 30	3 30	7
Arrives at 26 May	9 10	12 40	4 40	8 10

The trains both going and coming stop at Hivanova and Pacemo.

The Administration.

STRENGTH AND DURABILITY

THE NEW CAMP RAZOR

OR MACHINE FOR

CUTTING THISTLES AND ARROJOS,

Moveable corr. Es. tres-corrais, chiqueros.

LAND MARKS,

IRON WIRE FENCES, FOR RODEOS, POTREROS, &c.

Endless Iron Troughs, for Sheep and Cattle,

IRON TANKS, particularly arranged for easy conveyance.

245—calle BUEN ORDEN—245.

CHEAP CONVEYANCE

EASILY PLANTED OR FIXED

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.

DIRECTORS.

D. Miguel Azcuenaga, President
" Bernabé Ocampo, Vice-President
" Antonio Marco del Pont
" Jacobo Parav cini
" Constant Samamaria

OFFICIALS.

D. Antonio Garcia y Garcia, Manager
" Eus-quio Rivera, Sub Manager
" Juan Casado, Secretary.

Offices—87 calle SAN MARTIN.

The want has long been felt of an establishment wherein the frugal and laborious citizen might deposit his savings, so as to incur no risk, and reap at the same time a good return.

This institution is calculated to answer such a purpose extending the benefits of the establishment to even the humble st classes.

Public attention is, therefore, specially called to the manner of subscription, and the investion of funds, according to the rules of the association.

The PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:

1st. On one's own life, in shares of $5 silver each These subscriptions liquidated at any time at to subscriber's time and option.

2nd. Without loss of capital by death of the insurer. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and the proportional interest for fe-ited by the death of other shareholders in their Class, whose capital, however is returned.

3rd. With loss of capital and interest by insurer's death. All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all sums forfeited by their Class.

All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.

The capital of the Company shall be invested only in landed property (finca), and with the greatest security.

The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company

For further particulars, apply at the Co's office 87 calle S. Martin (altos) between the hours of 11 — 4; prospectuses given on application. n17

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT OF

BUENOS AYRES,

49 & 51 CALLE DEFENSA.

PATRICK GALBRAITH,

Successor to WILLIAM GIBSON,

Begs to intimate that he has just received an immense variety of New Goods, expressly to supply the wants of Camp purchasers, consisting of

Men's and Youths' Moleskin and Cord Trousers,
Men's and Youth's Windsor Cord Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Dun and Tweed Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Doe and Tweed Jackets and Vests,
Men's Pilot Jackets and Tweed Suits,
Men's best Jean Stripe Shirts and Shirting Stripe,
Men's and Youths' White Jeans and Regatta Shirts,
Men's and Youth's Crimean Shirts (all qualities)
Drab and White Moleskin and Cord over (best quality)
Bedford Cords, Beaverteens and English Tweeds,
Blankets, Flannels, Piddings, Stripe Druggets,
Serges, Aberdeen Wincies and Wincey Petticoats,
Black and White Watered Moreen, Challis, Bogys,
Alpaccas, Mohairs, Coburgs, English and French Merinos,
Linen Checks, Derries, Prints, and Grey Cottons,
Superior White Shirtings, Sheetings, and Towellings,
Linens, Diapers, brown Hollands, Cotton and Linen Tick.
Damask and Victoria Table Covers, Wool Plaids (various Class),
Wool Handkerchiefs, Shawls, Fluids, and Lace Squares.
Ladies' and Misses' Cotton, Merino, and L. W. Hose,
Men's and Youths' Cotton, Merino, and L. W. Half-hose and Hose,
Men's Aberdeen Knit Ribbed Half-hose and Hose,
Smallwares of every description, best quality,

As fresh supplies will be received monthly, per steamer, parties may at all times rely on having an unequalled assortment to select from, of the newest Goods, at lowest possible cash prices.

49 & 51—CALLE DEFENSA—49 & 51

SAVINGS BANK.

BANK MAUA & C°

— No. 103 calle de Cangallo. —

BUENOS-AYRES.

The immense advantages of *Accounts Current* are now so generally felt, and appreciated in the so great importuns of the River Plate—Montevideo & Buenos Ayres—that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the Bank in which they place the most confidence

The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working class in that city, a safe & profitable depositary for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of Clerks, artisans, working-men & servants of all classes & conditions, who are mostly interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a *reserve fund* in case of *need, sickness or old age*, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries and other trivalities

The Bank of Mauá and Co. of this city following the example of their Montevideo house will receive deposits from

Buenos Ayres September 19th 1863.

p. p. Mauá & Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE.

CONDITIONS.

1st. The Bank receives at interest any sum from *Twenty five dollars currency* or *one silver dollar* upwards.

2nd. The interest allowed is *six per cent* [6 p$] per annum which is liquidated every six months.

3rd. The depositor can at any time retire the *whole or part* of the money deposited.

4th. Once the amount deposited exceeds *Twenty five thousand dollars currency* or *one thousand dollars silver* the depositor if he wishes can open an *account current* according to the rules established by the Bank.

5th. In case the depositor loses his Pass Book it can be replaced by another on paying *twelve dollars currency*, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,

61 CORRIENTES 61

An immense Stock of Goods adapted for *every season* suitable for both Town and Country buyers

UNEQUALLED IN EXTENT AND VARIETY.

Fresh supplies received by every steamer.

61 CORRIENTES 61.

ESTABLISHED 1861.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,

25 AND 27 DEFENSA 25 AND 27

ALEX. FILSON & CO.,

ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

CALLE LARGA DE BARRACAS,

Doc.—Mr. Pongerard, of the London University College.

This Establishment, which from its foundation has been patronised by the principal British families of Buenos Ayres, is an exact reproduction of an E glish School, where a sound commercial education combined with the acquisition of the French and Spanish languages is imparted to the pupils, and based upon the same system as in all first class European institutions of the kind.

An ever-watchful and constant superviston, and a strict maintenance of order and propriety, are a sufficient guarantee that the morals and behaviour of the pupils are carefully attended to.

The different branches taught in the English Grammar School comprise the English, French and Spanish languages, History, Geography, Arithmetic, and Book-keeping by single & double entry, Writing, and Religious Instruction.

Extra branches, such as Latin, Mathematics, Germ n, Music and Drawing, are also taught by special masters.

The situation of the English Grammar School, in one of the most delightful Quarters of the Calle Large of Barracas, at the very gates of the city, is one of the most beautiful and picturesque of the environs of Buenos Ayres.

For particulars apply for prospectuses at the Standard Office, Calle Belgrano 74.

Dr. P. PONGERARD.

o18 x

Rams! Rams!! Rams!!!

Parties requiring Rams o the best breeds and in excellent condition, can obtain same at reasonable prices by applying at the estancia de Santa Elena del Cerrato, camino de Pilar, partido de Ajó.

The breeds are Lincolnshire crossed with Electorine, and Rambouillet crossed with first class merinos.

ENGLISH SADDLERY AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT

80—Piedad—80.

Saffery Bros.

"The Standard."—Printed and Published every Morning (Sundays excepted) at the Office of the Proprietors, Publishing Office, No. 74 Calle Belgrano, by the Proprietors and Editors, C. W. & E. T. MITCHELL.